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LITERATURE STUDY

G.N. Ermolenko
A. Gide about Dostoyevsky (on the basis of the book «Dostoyevsky» by A.Gide, 1923)

Key words: psychoanalysis; religious quest; true (evangelical) Christianity; problems of good and evil; national identity and universalism; the writer’s world significance.

The article is based on book «Dostoyevsky» by A. Gide and analyzes A. Gide’s perception of Dostoyevsky’s personality, his religious views, his concept of good and evil, poetics of Dostoyevsky’s novels and his method of psychological analysis. The article also examines Gide’s comparison of Dostoyevsky’s writing with the tradition of European novel of the 19th century (primarily the novels of C. Dickens and H. Balzac). Particular attention is paid to the problems of Dostoyevsky’s national identity and his world significance – as these were seen by A. Gide.

L.V. Pavlova
«Svet Vechernij» by Vyacheslav Ivanov: Summary of Flora

Key words: Vyacheslav Ivanov; «Svet Vechernij»; plant symbolism; the paradigm of images; poetic world; N. Ogarev; I. Bunin; S. Gorodetsky.

The article presents the main results of the study of vegetative symbols of «Svet Vechernij» by Vyacheslav Ivanov. The summary of flora, the analysis of the obtained data, the commentary, comparison with the previous books of lyric poetry allowed us to establish originality of flora in «Svet Vechernij» and stability of the plant component of the author's poetic world in general.

L.G. Kayanidi
Symbolism of the Laurel and Vyatcheslav Ivanov’s Conception of Art

Key words: mythological poetics; symbolism; image paradigm; flora; rose; ivy; mystic; Apollo; Dionysus.

The article deals with the symbolism of Laurel in its connection with Ivanov’s views on artistic activity and the nature of artistic works. Laurel symbolizes either finding of the inspiration or a superior knowledge, a mystical artistic contemplation. We found that Laurel is both Apollo’s and Dionysus’s tree. In combination with rose and ivy it symbolizes different stages of artistic process and is characterized by complex relations with Ivanov’s understanding of the myth about Daphne and Apollo.

S.N. Starodubets
Estimation and Connotation of «Spirituality» in I.A. Ilyin's Disourse
Key words: discourse; evaluation; connotation; thesaurus; semantic component; microcontext; macro-context.

The article deals with the reflection of the semantic content of «spirituality» in the sign. Semasiological analysis demonstrated that the means of differentiation between evaluation and connotations of «spirituality» in the word or phrase is the localization of its content materialization – the nucleus or the periphery of the lexical meaning of a word or phrase. Key categories of religious-philosophical works of I.A. Ilyin explicate and imply the evaluation and the connotation of «spirituality», representing the projection of mythological element «Spirit / spirit» of the concept of discourse on the language system (thesaurus) of the author.

M.E. Shanurina
The Overcoat and the Diamonds

Key words: N.V. Gogol; I. Ilf and E. Petrov; «The Overcoat»; «The Twelve Chairs»; «little man»; quasi demonic characters.

This paper is aimed at exploring the intertextual connections between Gogol’s story «The Overcoat» and Ilf and Petrov’s novel «The Twelve Chairs». In this case «The Overcoat» is going to be interpreted as a pretext for the Ilf and Petrov’s novel. Such personages as Bashmachkin and the Vorobyanninov are compared in order to prove their similarity, Petrovich and Bezenchuk, the undertaker from «The Twelve Chairs», are also compared and analyzed. Furthermore, the stylistic methods used in Gogol’s story and in Ilf and Petrov’s novel are similar. Vorobyanninov is viewed as a specific realization of the image of «little man», Petrovich and Bezenchuk – as quasidemonic characters.

A.O. Aldinger
The Peculiarities of Narrative Structure of the Poem by Ven. Erofeev «Moscow – Petushki»

Key words: narrator; author; communicative situation; character-narrator; holy fool; addressee; space-time organization.

The article is devoted to the analysis of the narrative organization of the text in the poem «Moscow – Petushki». The functions of the narrator are distinguished and described. We also discuss the narrator's affinity to the author and the character, and analyze the narrator's vocabulary. We provide evidence, which indicate the existence of similarity between the image of the character of Ven. Erofeev with a holy fool. The features of the dialogical structure of the poem are presented in the article, the suggestion that space-time organization of the text depends on its narrative structure is proved.

V.S. Andreev
Conceptual Sphere of Longfellow’s Texts Belonging to Different Formal Classes

Key words: individual style; quantitative analysis; archetype; nucleus; periphery; metaphor; concept.
The article is devoted to the concept system of the works by Longfellow belonging to different periods of his creative activity. For each period, using formal morphological, syntactic and rhythmic features, groups of texts were singled out which reflect archetype (nucleus) and periphery of every period. Nuclei and peripheries of different periods are compared from the point of view of metaphor realization. Conclusions are made concerning interrelation of features which reflect different aspects of text.

N.I. Astrakhan
«Unique Novel» by M. Pavic: Postmodernism as an Artistic Representation of Negative Individual-Subjective Experience

Key words: interpretation; motif; realism; modernism; postmodernism; concept of creative activity; picture of the world.

In the article «Unique Novel» by M. Pavic is interpreted as a work of postmodernism literature, in which individual subjective experience of modern man can be comprehended as a negative, leading to the chaotization of the picture of the world and distortion of the concept of creative activity, which threatens to cause destruction of the integrity of the individual and catastrophic events. Such reflection, programmed by poetics of «Unique Novel», creates the preconditions for the revision of the main vectors of expansion of the artistic discourse and additional reason to compare realism, modernism and post-modernism as the most significant traditions in the context of modern literature development.

LINGUISTICS

S.N. Andreev
Parameter «Attribute» as a Gender Marker (Quantitative Analysis)

Key words: gender; attribute; discriminant analysis; degree of difference; automatic classification.

The paper studies the role of attribute in the sentence structure for the analysis of gender differences in Russian literature (detective stories) during the period of the 1990s through the 2000s. Discriminant analysis of the adnominal parameters of 18 texts makes it possible to build a model which differentiates male and female texts with a high degree of precision.

A.G. Silnitsky
The Typology of Juridical Situations (on the Basis of Juridical English Verbs)

Key words: juridical situation; juridical verb; the English language; semantic feature; actant; subject; object; adject.

The article is dedicated to an analysis of the notion of a ‘juridical situation’ and the identification of the types of the latter on the basis of English ‘juridical’ verbs. The typology of juridical situations is represented by the intersection of the three groups of semantic features,
depicting the three actants of a juridical situation: subject, object, adject. As a result fourteen types of juridical situations are differentiated.

O.P. Adeleva
Correlation of Semantic Structure of English Verbs and Their Derivates (on the Data-Base of Derivatives with the Suffix -AL in Their Structure)

Key words: semantic factor; motivating; motivated; noun derivative; Nomina Actionis; primary meaning; secondary meaning; thematic criteria of verbal meaning; correlation analysis; cluster analysis; diagnostic force of influence.

The paper deals with the semantic factors of motivating verbs which influence the formation of secondary meanings in Nomina Actionis built by means of the derivational affix -al. The diagnostic force of influence of these factors is revealed with the help of correlation and cluster analyses.

N.K. Danilova
Matrix Structure of Narration Act in German Short Story Genre

Key words: pragmatic matrix; narration subject; communicative perspective; perspective alternation.

The article contains the description of the means used for building up intersystemic links in discourse creation, whose final outcome is the narration act in the text. The interaction of cognitive, communicative and grammatical systems occurs within the pragmatic matrix frame of the narrative chain.

E.F. Troitsky, A.E. Varnaeva
Paradigmatic Relations of Coordinating Structures

Key words: paradigmatic relations; quantity; quality; similarity; difference; components of a coordinating construction.

Paradigmatic relations of coordinating structures are interesting due to their difference from subordinating constructions, the former having a large number of elements. Equal status does not eliminate similarity or difference in paradigmatic relations of coordinating constructions, coordinating lines, general elements, generalized elements and conjunctions. On the contrary, coordinating construction emphasizes the abovementioned similarity or difference.

V.V. Bormakova
Informal Anthroponymic Names of Smolensk (Structural-Semantic Analysis)

Key words: unofficial place names; anthroponomy; structural analysis; Smolensk; intercity facilities.

The article deals with unofficial names of Smolensk places and features of their structure, which have anthroponymic element in their structure. The study of geographical names enables
us to establish which historic events left most visible marks in the memory of the Smolensk citizens, which political and linguistic processes influenced intercity nomination.

N.V. Kuzmina
Border Name Complexes: Problems of Research

Key words: anthroponym; complex of anthroponyms; name complex; Smolensk-Vitebsk border; chronological cut-off.

This article focuses on the topical problems in the study of complexes of anthroponyms at Smolensk-Vitebsk border area. The research is organized as chronological and comparative study. The study of anthroponomy of micro zones makes it possible to get new integrated onomastic knowledge, which is crucial for the anthroponymic system of language in general.

HISTORY AND ARCHEOLOGY

Yu.E. Ivonin
Imperial Courts in the States-Right System of the Old Empire

Key words: Old Empire; Imperial Cameral Court; Imperial Supreme Court; Imperial Constitution; Germany.

In the article is made the comparative Analysis of the Functions and Activities of two high Courts of the Old Empire (Holy Roman Empire of the German Nation) in Early Modern Time. The author shows the specific features of these Courts and the degree of influence of the Imperial powers upon them. He underlines that the work of these Courts followed strict detailed rules but was rather ineffective due to lack of strong executive power.

M.P. Beljaev
The Brandenburg-Neuburg Negotiations and the Conclusion of the Düsseldorf Agreements of 1647

Key words: Brandenburg; Elector; Palatine; Neuburg; Jülich; Kleve; Mark

The article is devoted to the Brandenburg-Neuburg negotiations on the revision of the previous decisions on the division of the Jülich-Cleves district. Elector Frederick William decided to exert military pressure on the intractable partner at the negotiations – Neuburg Palatine, Wolfgang William. But the Palatine demonstrated firmness in protection of his interests. The son of Wolfgang William played an independent role during the negotiations. The purpose of Frederick William was to get rid of the unprofitable agreements of 1629-1630. He achieved certain success and for a long time determined the boundaries of his western possessions.

M.N. Alekseeva
Peace Initiative of Maurice de Saxe at the Final Stage of the War of the Austrian Succession and English Diplomacy
Key words: the war of the Austrian succession; XVIIIth century; diplomacy; English cabinet; Maurice de Saxe; negotiation.

Research of the European diplomacy of the 18th century is an important part of the study of in international relations of the period transformation of the Westphalia system. The author investigates the diplomatic relations during the war for the Austrian Succession, which has not been sufficiently studied in the modern Russian historiography. This article is devoted to one episode of diplomatic struggle caused by sensational private initiative of the French Marshal Maurice de Saxe. The initiative became the result of successful approach of French forces in the Netherlands in 1747. These offers caused disagreements in the English cabinet, but negotiations continued. However, state bureaucracy on both sides was not ready to speed up negotiation process. Absence of consensus on key provisions of future peace treaty and change of the situation on fields of battles did not allow reaching fast agreement on the basis of this initiative.

I.I. Kaviaka

The Second Berlin Crisis in Anglo-American Historiography

Key words: Anglo-American historiography; Berlin crisis; FRG; GDR; West Berlin; Berlin Wall; German issue.

The article is devoted to the analysis of the Anglo-American historiography of the second Berlin crisis. The key aspects of this problem reflected in the works of historians of the United Kingdom and the United States are identified. The article reveals various directions in the historiography of the causes and background of the crisis, as well as the positions of the great powers concerning the Berlin problem during the period of its escalation at the edge of the 1950s-1960s. Special attention is paid to the analysis of various approaches to the dating of the end of the second Berlin crisis.

N.V. Nikitina

«In the Provincial Capital House of Assembly for the Nobility is Allowed… » (Unknown Pages of the History of Smolensk Province Management at the End of the XVIIIth – First Half of the XIXth Centuries)

Key words: the last third of the XVIIIth – the first half of the XIXth centuries; estate management; manorial government; House of Assembly for the Nobility.

The article considers poorly studied problems of history of management of Russian provinces in the last third of the XVIIIth – the first half of the XIXth centuries in connection with the construction of the House of Assembly for the Nobility in Smolensk, introduces into scientific circulation new sources to clarify the interaction between the class based organs of government and the local administration during the given period.

P.V. Shevkun

Communicative Role of the Orthodox Church on the Territory of Northwestern Provinces during the Reign of Nicholas I

Key words: Orthodox Church; communication; information; government; nation; estate.
The transformation processes occurring in the social system of the Russian Empire affected the status of the Orthodox Church. With the increase of its value as a means and a source of communication during the reign of Nicholas I, the opinion concerning the role of Orthodoxy in society was formed. It led to the set of measures during 1830–1840s in relation to the Orthodox dioceses on the territory northwestern provinces. Specifics of confessional and social structure of the region revealed systemic contradictions while using the church as an essential element of social communication.

A.S. Borzykh  
**Overview the Cooperation of Russian Red Cross Society during Russia-Turkey War of 1877–1878 according to UK Newspapers**

Key words: Russian Red Cross Society; Russia-Turkey War of 1877–1878; English periodicals of the XIXth century; charity.

The article deals with the coverage of Russian Red Cross Society activities during Russian-Turkey War of 1877–1878 in English periodicals. The need to broaden source base for the study of Russian Red Cross Society activities using foreign sources is proved. The author compared views of Russian military correspondents and their English colleagues. Based on the studied materials, the author proposes classification of articles by British authors about Russian Red Cross Society.

N.I. Gorskaya  
**Zemstvo and the Rehabilitation of Juvenile Offenders**

Key words: penitentiary system; great reforms; zemstvo; educational-correctional institution for minors; correctional society shelters.

The article analyzes the participation of the Russian Zemstvo in the creation of educational-correctional institutions for juvenile offenders. The emergence of special correctional institutions was part of the General policy of humanization of punishment and encouraging Russian companies to participate in the struggle against criminal during the second half of the XIXth – early XXth centuries. The district Council, or zemstvo, responsible for the state of affairs in the social sphere at the local level, was an important element of the General system of the rehabilitation of juvenile offenders.

M.V. Kail  
**The First Universities of Soviet Russia (Tambov, Kostroma, Smolensk): Similarity and Particular Features in the Context of the Era and Historical Memory**

Key words: «Soviet University»; Tambov University; University of Kostroma; Smolensk University; higher education; management; education; science; academic and administrative staff.

The conceptual basis of the article includes the reconstruction of the history of the foundation of the first Soviet universities as social and power practices and consideration of its broader social-political context of the development of the country. Three cases of the foundation of University centers along with historiographical interpretations of their early history comprise the material. Analysis of the forms of public initiatives in the foundation of these universities,
administrative practices of regional and national authorities (including the position of Narkompros) make it possible to obtain new data about the nature of early Soviet University education.

O.V. Kobets, E.V. Kodin
Purge of Smolensk State University, 1928-1930

Key words: «Smolensk scandal»; purge; Smolensk State University.

The article shows how the large-scale purge of the Smolensk region during the «Smolensk scandal» affected Smolensk State University, which for two years underwent regular inspections from the local communist party organizations, getting rid of «alien forces» among students and professors under the outside pressure.

D.V. Valuev
Housing in Smolensk in 1930s: the Crisis and its Solution

Key words: Smolensk; early five-year plans; living area; housing cooperatives; housing construction.

The article discusses the circumstances of the struggle for resolution of the housing crisis in Smolensk during early five-year plans. The city population during the years of industrialization increased almost twice. A sharp increase in the number of citizens gave rise to an acute crisis with their resettlement. All attempts by the authorities to overcome it through the deployment of mass housing and restrictions on the settlement did not lead to significant results. Housing problem in Smolensk by the beginning of the war had not been resolved for a number of reasons. However, gradually, the situation with housing in Smolensk began to improve. During the pre-war decade the town citizens mostly managed to develop their strategies of adaptation and survival understrained conditions.

D.V. Karev, E.V. Kodin, A.D. Dudzko
The Problems of History of the Second World War and the Great Patriotic War within the Belarusian Territory in the Historiography of the USA, Canada, Great Britain (40–90-ies of the XXth century)

Key words: foreign historiography of the Second World War and the Great Patriotic War; the USA; Canada; Great Britain; Belarus; Belarusian Diaspora; the specifics of the events reflection.

The article examines the specifics in reflecting the events of the Second World War and the Great Patriotic War in the historical science of the USA, Canada and Great Britain on the basis of historiographical sources (both native and foreign historiography). The periodization of the main stages in the formation of historiographical traditions is given. The role of Belarusian Diasporas of these countries in the formation of historical memory about the war events is analyzed.

D.Y. Prokhorov
Belarusian Publishing House «Harvest» and «Alternative History» of Belarus

Key words: history of Belarus; alternative history; historiography; publishing house.

The article analyzes the historical focus of the book, published by Belarusian publishing house «Harvest», studies the methodological approaches and subject matter of the works from the series «Neizvestnaja istorija» (Unknown history) and «Neizvestnye vojny» (Unknown wars).

PEDAGOGY

N.P. Senchenkov
P.P. Blonsky about Pedagogical Problem of Underachieving Learners

Key words: paedology; difficult pupils; underachieving learners; P.P. Blonsky.

The article considers the pedological approach of P.P. Blonsky to the problem of underachieving learners, showing the main causes of school failure which are caused by poor health, lack of mental development and a distraction from schoolwork in the children’s living conditions in the 20’s–30’s of the XX century.

N.M. Tatarinova
Soviet Model of Pedagogical Prophylaxis of Juvenile Delinquency (on the Material of Belarus in 1917–1930)

Key words: juvenile delinquency; homelessness; the education of morally defective children; commission on minors; the institutions of social education; pedagogical prophylaxis of delinquency.

The article deals with the creation of the Soviet system of pedagogical prophylaxis of juvenile delinquency in Belarus in 1917–1930. On the basis of the analysis of archival and scientific sources the author indicates the conditionality of the preventive process, reveals its leading factors and specific features of realization.

E.E. Burenina, G.E. Senkina
Influence of the Development of the Motor Skills of Students with Disabilities on the Realization of Their Special Educational Needs

Key words: inclusive education; inclusive school; students with disabilities; special educational needs; physical activity; motor skills.

The article is devoted to the topical problem of satisfying the special educational needs of students with health problems in an inclusive school. The authors outline the difficulties encountered by teachers of mass schools in organizing the educational process for students with disabilities. The article demonstrates that many problems are caused by deficiencies in the development of the motor skills of children. The conclusion is made that the creation of special conditions for the development of motor skills will contribute to the effective training of students with disabilities.
Psychologically Safe Heterogeneous Educational Environment of Educational Institutions: Structure and Its Projection

Key words: safety; inclusion; heterogeneity; psychological safety heterogeneous educational environment; conditions; projection.

The article deals with the problem of psychologically safe heterogeneous educational environment which is a complex system and which includes several interrelated structural components. The system is aimed to provide opportunities to visit school without barriers to all children.

Teaching the Basics of Organization of a Harmonious Exhibition / Display Environment to University Students

Key words: higher education; exhibition environment; display.

The article outlines the problem of teaching students the fundamentals of creating exhibition space. The material provides information on the artistic-compositional, technical characteristics of exhibitions and museum displays in various fields.

Pedagogical Basis of the Method of Game Tasks in Training the Students Who are Engaged in Sports

Key words: students; theoretical preparation; game tasks; method; training process; technical and tactical actions; physical actions; competitive activity.

The article deals with the problems of application of the game tasks method in the course of training the students who are engaged in sports in addition to university education (in sports sections). The structure of game tasks is developed which provides consecutive analysis of problem situations and the search for the optimal solutions. The method of game tasks provides effective development of theoretical knowledge of technical and tactical actions of the students who are engaged in sports.

Development of Leadership Skills in Track and Field Athletes

Key words: leadership skills; track and field athletes; sociometry; training.

The article is devoted to the efficiency of influence of pedagogical training on the development of leadership skills in track and field athletes. The least expressed groups of leadership skills are defined; the conditions necessary to ensure the process of formation of leadership skills of athletes are revealed; the psychological portrait of the leader on the basis of the allocated groups of leadership skills is constructed.
Formation of the Leadership Skills
of the Participants of Smolensk Regional Gathering of Creative Youth:
from the Experience of Pedagogical Group «Krylatyi»

Key words: leader; leadership; profile camp; pedagogical support; high school students; pedagogical group.

The article deals with the experience of pedagogical group «The Winged» in the formation of leadership skills of participants of Smolensk regional creative youth gathering «Sokol». The definition of pedagogical support of youth leadership is presented. The study of participants' expectations was carried out as well as the interview devoted to the perception of the results.

E.S. Mertens

The Role of Smolensk Department of Moscow Institute of Archeology in the Development of Regional Cultural and Educational Environment

Key words: the first Institute of higher education in Smolensk; Smolensk department of Moscow Institute of Archeology; special subjects; systematic public lectures; public education; libraries – «fundamental» and for «insufficient» listeners; museum.

The article is devoted to the opening and further scientific and educational activities of Smolensk department of Moscow Institute of Archeology. The students of this higher educational institution got special education of archivists, archeologists, museologists, specialists in library science. The article analyses the contribution of Moscow scientists in the creation and development of Smolensk department.

SCIENTIFIC EVENTS


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ANNIVERSARIES